INDEPENDENT PROJECT / TRON + ARBITRUM ONE

Tethur UDS

Project, token and risk disclosure

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> This document describes an independent project in development with separate TRON and Arbitrum One token contracts. It is not an offer, financial advice, or evidence of a reserve, bridge, donation program, audit, exchange listing, or approval. Tethur UDS is not affiliated with Tether or USD₮.

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1 Project purpose

Tethur UDS is an independent project in development, shaped by service, remembrance, and community. Its starting point is a simple idea: a public record of service can hold more than dates and events. It can leave room for the people, families, friendships, and memories connected to it.

This is a purpose the project is developing, not a claim that an archive, veterans' organization, charity, event program, or community service already exists. No personal testimony is presented here. No relationship with a veterans' organization, public institution, Tether, or another token project is claimed.

The project intends to be careful about the difference between aspiration and evidence. The deployed token is a technical component. It does not itself preserve history, fund community work, or create a charitable program. Any future activity would need to be designed, resourced, and described separately from the token.

2 What exists today

The project has deployed a primary token contract on TRON and a separate ERC-20 contract on Arbitrum One. The project identifies both deployments as part of Tethur UDS. No bridge, cross-chain transfer, or redemption mechanism connects them. TRON describes TRC-20 as its fungible-token standard operating within the TRON Virtual Machine and documents its interface. [3] [4] The reconstructed Solidity source supplied for the TRON deployment exposes common TRC-20 functions such as balance queries, approvals, and transfers. The source-to-bytecode match has not been independently established for this document.

The on-chain token name returned by the deployed contract is **Tethur UDS**, and its symbol is **UDST**. It has 6 decimals. The contract address is `TZ9VESbdZKudjk6w6Tw9xNksbvvPfLgjxE`. The deployment transaction is `6e16dd8f66a8d4544ef7447878761d878fe4e6cf3aaf3b83c3f48e568df9b89c`. Readers can inspect the contract page and the creation transaction directly on TRONSCAN. [1] [2]

The creation transaction labels the source contract artifact `ReconstructedTethorUDS`, while the contract's token-name getter returns `Tethur UDS`. The artifact label and the token's public name are different pieces of metadata. The contract address is the clearest identifier for this deployment. [1] [2]

A read-only state check on 15 November 2026 returned a total supply of 90,000,000 UDST and showed the owner wallet holding 90,000,000 UDST. The same check returned the owner address `TMVCgcoajwicbAXc35FLxkzKCNstycGzkv` and `paused() == false`. A later holder snapshot on 16 November 2026 at 14:41 UTC showed the same total supply divided among the founder wallet, the project-confirmed treasury address `THi3swp7S1ZcTkSXtqpmdsCitGXCcqvnBB`, and a SUN V4 pool manager. These are time-specific observations, not permanent guarantees; current state should be checked on-chain. [1] [9] [10]

The Arbitrum One contract returns the on-chain name and symbol **USĐT** (Latin capital D with stroke) and uses 18 decimals. Its contract address is `0xD6AaFBE0E453e94836c68789F4366B50E55e6070`. At Arbitrum block 524,776,108, read at 14:41 UTC on 16 November 2026, its total supply was 90,000,000 USĐT. The same read found 3.512184006994526258 USĐT at a PancakeSwap V3 pool contract. Arbiscan marks the contract source Exact Match verified; that does not constitute an audit. [11] [12]

At that snapshot, the two contracts therefore reported 180,000,000 tokens in aggregate, 90,000,000 on each chain. This is an arithmetic sum of independent deployments, not one transferable cross-chain balance or a maximum-supply promise. The TRON source supplied for this project includes owner minting without

a coded maximum. The two contracts have different decimals and no implemented bridge or redemption mechanism. [1] [11]

3 Supply and distribution

The supplied reconstructed Solidity source's constructor specifies an initial supply of 90,000,000 tokens with 6 decimal places and assigns that initial balance to the deploying owner. The TRON deployment record and read-only query showed 90,000,000 UDST at the time checked. The separate Arbitrum contract reported 90,000,000 USĐT at the cited block. The combined snapshot is 180,000,000 across both contracts, but it is not a unified transferable supply. The supplied TRON source includes an owner-only mint function and contains no maximum-supply cap; that is a source-level observation, not an independently verified bytecode finding.

The 16 November TRON holder snapshot showed 64,499,980.965620 UDST at the founder wallet, 25,500,000 UDST at the project-confirmed treasury address `THi3swp7S1ZcTkSXtqpmdsCitGXCcqvnBB`, and 19.034380 UDST at a SUN V4 pool manager. The Arbitrum contract showed 3.512184006994526258 USĐT at a PancakeSwap V3 pool contract. The founder reports that all token balances, including both liquidity positions, remain project-controlled and that no tokens have been distributed to independent holders. On that basis, the project's reported circulating supply is 0 as of 16 November 2026. This is a project-reported classification, not a CMC determination. Pool balances are on-chain balances and do not by themselves establish market depth or available liquidity. No reserve allocation, vesting plan, or token lock is claimed. Check live chain state before relying on these dated figures. [9] [10] [11] [12]

4 Token behavior and administration

The supplied reconstructed TRON Solidity source includes token balance and allowance queries, approvals, transfers, transfers using an allowance, and holder-initiated burns. It also accepts TRX and contains owner-controlled withdrawal functions. It does not implement a dollar redemption mechanism, automatic donation, staking, or on-chain governance. This is a source-level summary; it is not a bytecode verification. Arbiscan marks the separate Arbitrum contract source Exact Match verified, but no independent security audit is claimed for either deployment. [11]

According to the supplied reconstructed source, the owner has significant administrative control:

- **Minting:** the owner can create additional tokens for the owner address. There is no coded maximum supply.
- **Pausing:** the owner can pause and unpause token transfers.
- **Address controls:** the owner can blacklist addresses and can add addresses to a whitelist.
- **Market-pair controls:** the owner can designate addresses as market pairs. When an address is marked as a pair, a transfer to that address is accepted only when the sender is the owner or a whitelisted address.
- **Metadata and ownership:** the owner can change the token name and symbol, transfer ownership, or renounce ownership.
- **Asset withdrawal:** the owner can withdraw TRX or other compatible tokens held by the contract.

The market-pair rule is a material transfer restriction. On a decentralized exchange, a sale commonly requires a holder to transfer tokens to a pool. If that pool is configured as a market pair, a holder who is neither the owner nor whitelisted may be unable to transfer tokens into it. This can prevent that holder

from selling through the configured pair. The exact effect depends on the pair configuration and current contract state; this document does not claim that every possible pool address is currently configured. [1]
The owner address observed at the time checked was `TMVCgcoajwicbAXc35FLxkzKCNstycGzkv`; it can be opened at the TRONSCAN owner-address page. The supplied reconstructed source includes functions for ownership transfer and renunciation, but this paper does not claim that ownership has been renounced. [1] [8]

5 Utility and possible future work

The token contract provides token mechanics. It does not define a specific real-world use for UDST beyond holding, approving, transferring, and burning tokens. It does not make token ownership a membership credential, a voting right, a claim on project property, or a right to receive services or money.
Tethur UDS is interested in developing a thoughtful project around service, remembrance, and community. Possible future directions might include responsibly sourced historical material or community remembrance activities. These are concepts for consideration only. No event, archive, grant, veteran service, donation mechanism, reserve, lock, or proceeds-allocation program is represented as active or funded.
Before any future program could be described as operating, the project would need to publish its operator, purpose, decision rules, funding source, participant protections, and reporting approach. This document does not commit to a date, budget, beneficiary, or outcome.

6 Risk and limitation disclosures

Owner and supply risk. The owner can mint additional tokens, which can dilute existing balances. The owner can pause transfers, blacklist addresses, and change the token's displayed name or symbol. These powers create centralization and control risks.
Market-transfer risk. An owner-configured market-pair rule may block non-owner and non-whitelisted transfers to a configured pair. A holder may be unable to sell into a pool if the rule applies. A SUN V4 UDST/USDT pool page was visible on 16 November 2026; its 08:20 ET snapshot displayed about USD 19.96 liquidity, USD 2.00 in 24-hour volume, and two transactions. These values are time-sensitive and very small. No material liquidity, active CMC-tracked market, market depth, or ability to sell is guaranteed. [13]
Value and backing risk. Neither UDST nor USĐT is represented as a U.S.-dollar-backed token, a stablecoin, or a redeemable asset. The name, symbol, or temporary market price does not create a currency peg or a right to receive dollars. No cash reserve, collateral, redemption process, or price support is evidenced by the contract information cited in this paper.
Security and source risk. This white paper has not independently established that the reconstructed TRON Solidity source corresponds byte-for-byte to the deployed runtime bytecode. Arbiscan marks the Arbitrum contract's source Exact Match verified, but that does not establish that the code is safe. No independent security audit is claimed. Readers should examine both deployed contracts, their current state, and relevant transactions directly.
Operational and legal risk. Blockchain transactions may be irreversible. Network conditions, wallet mistakes, contract behavior, changes in law, and third-party services can affect access and use. The legal treatment of a digital asset varies across jurisdictions. This document is not legal, tax, or investment advice.

Identity risk. Ticker symbols are not unique and similar typography can cause confusion. The project-level ticker requested for CoinMarketCap is USĐT, while the TRON contract reports UDST and the Arbitrum contract reports USĐT. CoinMarketCap's USD TRON page identifies a different contract using the ASCII ticker UDST: `TVFFMr8ptkymEt6MdQ1i9NPZqn7W6RXkg8`. Tethur UDS is independent and is not affiliated with Tether or USD₮. No migration, endorsement, or shared control is represented with either project. Verify full contract addresses rather than relying on a ticker or logo alone. [7]

7 Information for reviewers

This white paper and the project website organize dated facts about the TRON and Arbitrum deployments and link to public records. The founder reports zero circulating supply because all current balances and liquidity positions remain project-controlled and no tokens have been distributed to independent holders. This is a project-reported classification, not a CMC determination. The dated supply figures do not establish eligibility for a third-party listing or guarantee market activity, adequate liquidity, or a security audit.

CoinMarketCap's published tracked-listing criteria include a functional website and block explorer, public trading, and active trading on at least one CoinMarketCap-tracked exchange with material volume. CoinMarketCap states that meeting its guidelines does not guarantee a listing and directs listing requests through its official online form. The materials here make no claim that the market conditions are met and do not guarantee CoinMarketCap or any other approval. [5] [6]

The official source links below are provided so a reader can independently check both contract identities, deployments, the cited holder and pool snapshots, TRON terminology, and review criteria. Use the full chain-specific contract address as the primary identifier in any submission or discussion.

8 References

[1] TRONSCAN, Tethur UDS contract record. On-chain name, symbol, decimals, supply, owner, and current state should be queried from the contract and compared with a current block record.
[2] TRONSCAN, contract creation transaction.
[3] TRON Developer Hub, token standards overview.
[4] TRON Developer Hub, TRC-20 documentation.
[5] CoinMarketCap, listings criteria.
[6] CoinMarketCap, official request-form guidance.
[7] CoinMarketCap, USD TRON page used for ticker-collision context.
[8] TRONSCAN, current owner address and transaction history.
[9] TRONSCAN, project-confirmed treasury address and transaction history.
[10] TRONSCAN, Tethur UDS holder and transfer record. Holder balances are time-sensitive.
[11] Arbiscan, Tethur UDS Arbitrum One contract and source-verification record.
[12] Arbiscan, PancakeSwap V3 pool contract holding USĐT.
[13] SUN, TRON V4 pool page supplied by the project.